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8                   UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9                   WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
10                  AT TACOMA

11                  MARK ALLEN SILVA,

12                  Plaintiff,

13                  v.

14                  LEWIS COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S  
15                  OFFICE,

16                  Defendant.

17                  CASE NO. 3:24-cv-05504-TMC-GJL

18                  REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

19                  NOTING DATE: **October 8, 2024**

20                  The District Court has referred this prisoner civil rights action to United States Magistrate  
21                  Judge Grady J. Leupold. After being advised of the pleading deficiencies in his initial Complaint  
22                  (Dkts. 1-1, 4), Plaintiff Mark Allen Silva, proceeding *pro se* and *in forma pauperis*, filed an  
23                  Amended Complaint (Dkt. 5).

24                  In screening the Amended Complaint, the Court found that the following pleading  
25                  deficiencies remained: “Plaintiff has failed to name a proper defendant for his claim, he has not  
26                  put forth sufficient facts to demonstrate liability for either an individual or official capacity  
27                  claim, and his specific constitutional claims are difficult to decipher and appear nonviable.” Dkt.  
28                  7 at 8; *see also* Dkt. 4 (identifying similar deficiencies in initial Complaint). Concluding these  
29                  deficiencies were not curable, the Court ordered Plaintiff to **SHOW CAUSE** why this action

1 should not be dismissed for failure to state a claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b) and without a  
 2 second opportunity to amend. *Id.* at 9; *see Akhtar v. Mesa*, 698 F.3d 1202, 1212 (9th Cir. 2012)  
 3 (“A district court should not dismiss a *pro se* complaint without leave to amend unless it is  
 4 absolutely clear that the deficiencies of the complaint could not be cured by amendment.”);  
 5 *Swearington v. California Dep’t of Corr. & Rehab.*, 624 F. App’x 956, 959 (9th Cir. 2015)  
 6 (finding the district court did not abuse its discretion in dismissing without leave to amend where  
 7 *pro se* plaintiff failed to cure pleading deficiencies).

8       The show cause deadline has now elapsed with no response received from Plaintiff.  
 9 Accordingly, the undersigned recommends this action be **DISMISSED** for failure to state a  
 10 claim and for failure to comply with a court order. Dismissal on the recommended grounds  
 11 constitutes a “strike” under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

12       Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(b), the parties  
 13 shall have fourteen (14) days from service of this report to file written objections. *See also* Fed.  
 14 R. Civ. P. 6. Failure to file objections will result in a waiver of those objections for purposes of  
 15 *de novo* review by the district judge, *see* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), and can result in a waiver of  
 16 those objections for purposes of appeal. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 142 (1985); *Miranda*  
 17 *v. Anchondo*, 684 F.3d 844, 848 (9th Cir. 2012) (citations omitted). Accommodating the time  
 18 limit imposed by Rule 72(b), the Clerk is directed to set the matter for consideration on **October**  
 19 **8, 2024**, as noted in the caption.

20       Dated this 23rd day of September, 2024.

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Grady J. Leupold  
 United States Magistrate Judge